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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 DEC 2007 HIGHEST RN 959463-53-7 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 25 DEC 2007 HIGHEST RN 959463-53-7

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 29, 2007

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=> d que stat 110

L6 SCR 2043 OR 1918

L8 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 4

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L10 408214 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L8 NOT L6

100.0% PROCESSED 408360 ITERATIONS 408214 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

=> d que stat 137 L37 STR

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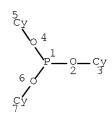
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 2
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 10
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

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STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

=> d que stat 118 L18 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

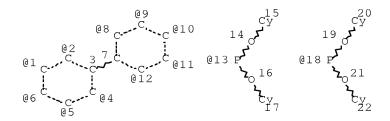
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DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS UNS AT 3
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GGCAT IS UNS AT 7
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 7

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

 \Rightarrow d que stat 142 L24 STR



VPA 13-2/1/6/5/4 U VPA 18-8/9/10/11/12 U NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

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GGCAT IS UNS AT 17
GGCAT IS UNS AT 20
GGCAT IS UNS AT 22

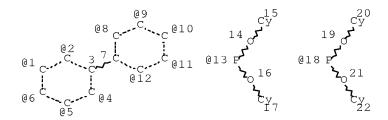
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L28 51 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L24 L40 STR



VPA 13-2/1/6/5/4 U
VPA 18-8/9/10/11/12 U
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 13
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 18
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
GGCAT IS UNS AT 15
GGCAT IS UNS AT 17
GGCAT IS UNS AT 20
GGCAT IS UNS AT 22
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L42 37 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L28 SSS FUL L40

100.0% PROCESSED 51 ITERATIONS 37 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

=> d his nofile

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:41:15 ON 26 DEC 2007)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:41:38 ON 26 DEC 2007 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US2006146228/PN L1SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:42:16 ON 26 DEC 2007 12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (153550-59-5/BI OR 18600-59-4/BI OR L2202289-68-7/BI OR 24936-68-3/BI OR 25971-63-5/BI OR 3147-76-0/BI OR 31570-04-4/BI OR 3333-62-8/BI OR 3806-34-6/BI OR 512-56-1/BI OR 58984-32-0/BI OR 808764-07 -0/BI) D SCA

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:50:40 ON 26 DEC 2007 STR

SCR 2043 L4

L3

L17

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:51:45 ON 26 DEC 2007 50 SEA SSS SAM L3 NOT L4

L5

SCR 2043 OR 1918 L6

L7 50 SEA SSS SAM L3 NOT L6

L8 STR L3

50 SEA SSS SAM L8 NOT L6 L9

408214 SEA SSS FUL L8 NOT L6 L10

L11 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L10 D SCA

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:55:52 ON 26 DEC 2007 L12 STR

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:58:10 ON 26 DEC 2007

23 SEA SUB=L10 SSS SAM L12

377 SEA SUB=L10 SSS FUL L12 L14

SAV L14 SES818S1/A

1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L14 L15

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:59:04 ON 26 DEC 2007 L16 STR

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:01:16 ON 26 DEC 2007

8 SEA SUB=L10 SSS SAM L16

L18 STR L16

L19 2 SEA SUB=L10 SSS SAM L18

1502 SEA SUB=L10 SSS FUL L18

SAV L20 SES818S2/A

L21 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2 AND L20 D SCA

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:04:56 ON 26 DEC 2007 L22 STR

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:07:39 ON 26 DEC 2007 L23 0 SEA SSS SAM L22

10/559,818 5

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L24
              STR
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:10:03 ON 26 DEC 2007
L25
             4 SEA SSS SAM L24
L26
               STR L24
L27
             2 SEA SSS SAM L26
               D SCA
L28
            51 SEA SSS FUL L24
               SAV L28 SES818A2/A
    FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:12:00 ON 26 DEC 2007
              QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON STABILIZ?
L29
L3.0
           880 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14(L)L29
L31
          1586 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L20(L)L29
L32
          330 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L28(L)L29
L33
         28697 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (HEAT? OR THERMAL?) (2A) L29
L34
           518 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L30 AND L33
           866 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L31 AND L33
L35
           218 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND L33
L36
               D HITSTR 1-2
    FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:16:14 ON 26 DEC 2007
L37
               STR L12
            19 SEA SUB=L10 SSS SAM L37
L38
L39
           278 SEA SUB=L10 SSS FUL L37
               SAV L39 SES818S3/A
               STR L24
L40
             2 SEA SUB=L28 SSS SAM L40
L41
               D SCA
L42
            37 SEA SUB=L28 SSS FUL L40
               SAV L42 SES818S4/A
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      2328 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L39
L43
L44
           659 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L42
L45
           518 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L43 AND L34
           210 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L44 AND L36
L46
         67913 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (OPTICAL? OR LIGHT?)(2A)(FILM? OR
L47
               SHEET? OR PLATE?)
            18 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L45 AND L47
L48
            17 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 AND L47
L49
L50
             8 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L46 AND L47
L51
          1173 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (L45 OR L35 OR L46) AND (PY<=2003 OR
              PRY<=2003 OR AY<=2003)
L52
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           14 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L51 AND L49
L53
             7 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L51 AND L50
L54
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=> fil hcap

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Dec 2007 VOL 147 ISS 26 FILE LAST UPDATED: 25 Dec 2007 (20071225/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d 152 ibib abs hitstr hitind 1-11

L52 ANSWER 1 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1127635 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:65575

TITLE: Direct back light type liquid crystal display

and light diffuse plate

INVENTOR(S): Sogo, Isao; Ando, Masato; Takeo, Mitsuhiro;

Maeda, Koji; Jinno, Masanao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE				
WO	2004	_ 1116	92		A1		2004	1223		WO 2	004-	JP87	66		_	00406 6
											<					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,
		CH,	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,
		GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,
		KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,
		MX,	${ m MZ}$,	NA,	NΙ,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,
		SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,
		VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW									
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,
		ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,
		DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙΤ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,
		PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,
		GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG								
CN	1809	766			Α		2006	0726		CN 2	004-	8001	7048			
															2	00406
															1	6
											<					
US	2006	1462	28		A1		2006	0706		US 2	006-	5598	18			
															2 1	00601 8

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

JP 2003-171774

200306 17

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WO 2004-JP8766

200406

16

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:65575

AB A direct back light type liquid crystal display having high light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone and exhibiting high luminance. In particular, a direct back light type liquid crystal display including a back light light source, a light diffuse plate, a ray regulation film and a liquid crystal panel, the light diffuse plate optionally having its back light light source side or both sides provided with a protection film, wherein the light diffuse plate is comprised of a composition comprising: (A) aromatic polycarbonate resin (component A) and (B) polymer microparticles of 0.01 to 50 µm average diameter (component B) and, mixed therewith in given amts. per 100 pts.weight of the sum of component A and component B, (C) at least one thermal stabilizer (component C) selected from the group consisting of phosphate compds. (component C-1), phosphite compds. (component C-2) and phosphonite compds. (component C-3), (D) UV absorber (component D) and (E) fluorescent brightener (component E).

IT 3806-34-6, ADK Stab PEP 8 31570-04-4,

Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (thermal stabilizer in light

diffusion plate; direct back light type liquid crystal display with light diffuse plate

having high light diffusion capability, retaining

excellent tone, and exhibiting high luminance)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,

3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

IC

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ICS G02F001-1335; C08L069-00; F21S002-00
CC
    74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
ST
     liq crystal display direct backlight light diffuse
     plate
ΙT
     Silsesquioxanes
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (Me, Tospearl 120, microparticles in light diffusion
       plate; direct back light type liquid crystal
       display with light diffuse plate having high
       light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and
        exhibiting high luminance)
     Optical instruments
ΙT
        (diffusers; direct back light type liquid crystal display with
        light diffuse plate having high light
        diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting
       high luminance)
     Liquid crystal displays
ΙT
        (direct back light type liquid crystal display with light
        diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
     Polycarbonates, preparation
ΤT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (light diffusion plate; direct back
        light type liquid crystal display with light
       diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
     3147-76-0, Kemisorb 79 18600-59-4, CEi-P
ΤT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (UV absorber in light diffusion plate; direct
        back light type liquid crystal display with light
       diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
                             58984-32-0, Kayalight OS
     3333-62-8, Hakkol PSR
ΙT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (fluorescent brightener in light diffusion
        plate; direct back light type liquid crystal
       display with light diffuse plate having high
        light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and
        exhibiting high luminance)
     24936-68-3P, preparation 25971-63-5P, Bisphenol A-phosgene
ΤТ
     copolymer
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (light diffusion plate; direct back
        light type liquid crystal display with light
       diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
ΙT
     202289-68-7, Paraloid EXL 5136
                                     808764-07-0, MBX 3S
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (microparticles in light diffusion plate;
       direct back light type liquid crystal display with
        light diffuse plate having high light
        diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting
```

high luminance)

IT 512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate 3806-34-6, ADK Stab PEP 8 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite

153550-59-5, Sandostab P-EPQ

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(thermal stabilizer in light

diffusion plate; direct back light type liquid

crystal display with light diffuse plate

having high light diffusion capability, retaining

excellent tone, and exhibiting high luminance)

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN

THE RE FORMAT

L52 ANSWER 2 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:287079 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:304984

TITLE: Heat-resistant resin compositions, transparent

optical films with no surface defects, and their manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Shiota, Minoru; Takanoo, Yutaka; Shimokawa,

Minoru

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kanegafuchi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 2004107371	A	20040408	JP 2002-267922	
					200209
					13
				<	
PRIOR	ITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-267922	
					200209
					13

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Title compns. comprise (A) thermoplastic resins containing (substituted) imide groups on side chains, (B) thermoplastic resins containing (substituted) Ph and nitrile groups on side chains, (C) lactones and/or phenolic acrylates as heat stabilizers, and (D) phenols and/or P compds. as heat stabilizers.

Optical films, useful for liquid crystal displays, etc., show haze ≤2% and light transmittance ≥85% and are manufactured by melt extruding and optionally biaxially stretching the compns. Thus, isobutene-N-methylmaleimide alternating copolymer 65, acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 35, 3-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-5,7-di-tert-butyl-3H-benzofuran-2-one 0.05, pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate] 0.13, and tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 0.13 part were mixed and extruded to give a film showing haze 0.25%, light transmittance 91.3%, and no surface defects.

IT 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-

methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizer; thermoplastic resin compns.

containing heat stabilizers for heat

-resistant transparent optical films with

good appearance)
RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,
 3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} t^{-Bu} \\ \\ Me \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \\ Bu^{-t} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \\ 0 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \\ 0 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} t^{-Bu} \\ \\ t^{-Bu} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} t^{-Bu} \\ \\ Me \end{array}$$

IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (heat stabilizers; thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent optical films with good appearance)
RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX)

IC ICM C08L101-02 C08J005-18; C08K005-10; C08K005-13; C08K005-49; C08L023-02; C08L025-00; C08L033-18; C08L035-00; G02F001-1333 CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 73 ST isobutene maleimide copolymer optical film heat resistance; acrylonitrile styrene copolymer optical film heat resistance; benzofuranone pentaerythritol hydroxyphenylpropionate phosphite heat stabilizer transparent film; lactone phenolic heat stabilizer thermoplastic optical film ΙT Heat stabilizers Optical films Plastic films Transparent films (thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent optical films with good appearance) ΙT Polymer blends

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent

optical films with good appearance) ΙT 1843-03-4, 1,1,3-Tris(2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert-butylphenyl)butane 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 123968-25-2, 2-[1-(2-Hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-pentylphenyl)ethyl]-4,6-di-tertpentylphenyl acrylate 133410-72-7 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizer; thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat -resistant transparent optical films with good appearance) 6683-19-8, Pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-ΙT hydroxyphenyl)propionate] 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-164391-52-0, 5,7-Di-tert-butyl-3-(3,4butylphenyl) phosphite dimethylphenyl)-3H-benzofuran-2-one RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers; thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent optical films with good appearance) 9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer Isobutene-N-methylmaleimide alternating copolymer RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent optical films with good appearance) L52 ANSWER 3 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:541470 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:248371 TITLE: Additive interactions in the stabilization of film grade high-density polyethylene. Part II: stabilization during long-term service Parrondo, Aitor; Allen, Norman S.; Edge, AUTHOR(S): Michele; Liauw, Christopher M.; Fontan, Eusebio Department of Chemistry and Materials, Centre CORPORATE SOURCE: for Materials Science, Manchester Metropolitan University, Manchester, M1 5GD, UK SOURCE: Journal of Vinyl & Additive Technology (2002), 8(2), 90-102 CODEN: JVATF4; ISSN: 1083-5601 PUBLISHER: Society of Plastics Engineers DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English AB The performance of phenol/phosphite/Zn stearate packages and the contribution of each additive to the long-term thermal stabilization and photostabilization of HDPE film were evaluated using Phillips catalyst technol. IR, UV and yellowness index measurements were used to establish the performance of the additive combinations. HPLC anal. of dichloromethane exts. of the polymer was carried out after melt processing to determine the amount of phenolic antioxidant remaining in the samples. The long-term thermal stabilization was dependent only on the phenolic antioxidant concentration, whereas both phenolic antioxidants and phosphites contributed directly to photostabilization. Zn stearate did not show any significant influence on the stabilization under either thermooxidative or photooxidative conditions. 26741-53-7, PEP 24 31570-04-4, Irgafos 168 ΤТ 80693-00-1, PEP 36 154862-43-8, Alkanox 28

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade HDPE)

RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 154862-43-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{Ph} \\ \text{Me} \\ \text{Ph} \end{array}$$

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) ST HDPE film stabilizer additive interaction; thermal stabilizer interaction HDPE film; photostabilizer interaction HDPE film ΙT Antioxidants Heat stabilizers Light stabilizers (additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade 557-05-1, Zinc stearate 1709-70-2, Irganox 1330 1843-03-4, ΙT Lowinox CA22 6683-19-8, Irganox 1010 26523-78-4, TNPP 26741-53-7, PEP 24 31570-04-4, Irgafos 168 80410-33-9, Irgafos 12 80693-00-1, PEP 36 118337-09-0, Ethanox 398 140221-14-3, Mark HP10 145650-60-8, Irgafos 38 154862-43-8, Alkanox 28 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade HDPE) 9002-88-4, Polyethylene ΤT RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (high-d.; additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE 16 FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L52 ANSWER 4 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:91270 HCAPLUS Full-text 134:148383 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Transparent aromatic polycarbonate compositions with phosphorus-containing stabilizers Ohira, Yoji INVENTOR(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE _____ _____ ____ _____ JP 2001031752 A 20010206 JP 1999-207247 199907 22 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-207247 199907 22

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:148383

AB The compns. having high heat resistance in molding, heat-moisture fatigue resistance, and adhesion, suitable for optical disks, sheets, etc., comprise (A) 100 parts aromatic polycarbonates prepared from dihydric phenols and

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carbonate esters to have relative fluorescence strength at 465 nm vs. standard substance $\leq 4 \times 10^{-3}$ in fluorescence spectrum (excited wave length 320 nm) and viscosity-average mol. weight 10,000-50,000 and (B) 0.0001-0.15 part stabilizers of [(Ar10)2PQ]2, (Ar20)2PQPh, P(OAr3)3, P(O)(OR1)3, cyclic diphosphites of R20PQ'POR2, and/or Ar40(O)(OR3)2 [Ar1, Ar2, Ar4 = (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Ar3 = dialkyl-substituted aromatic group; Q = phenylene; R1-3 = alkyl, (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q' = pentaerythritol residue] containing 1-11,000 ppm of H3PO3, Cl, and Cl-. Thus, 100 parts bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer (relative fluorescence strength 1 + 10-3, viscosity-average mol. weight 24,300) and 0.03 part tris(2,4-di-tert- butylphenyl) phosphite containing 20 ppm Cl were mixed, pelletized, and molded into a test piece showing high resistance to thermal discoloration during injection molding.

IT 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08G064-04 ICS C08G064-30; C08K005-49; C08L069-00

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CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74
ST
     arom polycarbonate organophosphorus heat
     stabilizer; bisphenol A diphenyl carbonate polymer
     heat stabilizer; butylphenyl phosphite
     heat stabilizer arom polycarbonate; optical disk
     arom polycarbonate phosphorus stabilizer
ΤТ
     Polycarbonates, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (aromatic; transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
    Heat stabilizers
ΤТ
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
     Optical disks
ΙT
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion for optical disks)
     24936-68-3P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer, SRU,
                   25929-04-8P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer
     preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
     512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate
                                     2240-41-7, Dimethyl
ΤТ
     phenylphosphonate 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol
     diphosphite 13598-36-2, Phosphorous acid, uses 31570-04-4
     , Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3,
     Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite
     91362-37-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4-phenyl-phenylphosphonite
     118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-
     , tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester
     118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-
     , tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester
                                                          313335-83-0,
     Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3-phenyl-phenylphosphonite
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
L52 ANSWER 5 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2001:89689 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         134:148377
TITLE:
                         Transparent aromatic polycarbonate compositions
                         with phosphorus-containing stabilizers
                         Ohira, Yoji
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001031859	A	20010206	JP 1999-207246	
				199907 22
			<	22
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 1999-207246	
				199907 22

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:148377

The compns. having high heat resistance in molding, heat-moisture fatigue resistance, and adhesion, suitable for optical disks, sheets, etc., comprise (A) 100 parts aromatic polycarbonates prepared from dihydric phenols and carbonate esters by melt-polymerization to have residual catalyst activity ≤2% and viscosity-average mol. weight 10,000-50,000 and (B) 0.0001-0.15 part stabilizers of [(Ar10)2PQ]2, (Ar20)2PQPh, P(OAr3)3, P(O)(OR1)3, cyclic diphosphites of R20PQ'POR2, and/or Ar40(O)(OR3)2 [Ar1, Ar2, Ar4 = (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q = phenylene; R1-3 = alkyl, (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q' = pentaerythritol residue] containing 1-11,000 ppm of H3PO3, C1, and C1-. Thus, 100 parts 2,2'-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane- diphenyl carbonate copolymer (residual catalyst activity 0.3%, viscosity-average mol. weight 24,300) and 0.03 part tris(2,4-di-tert- butylphenyl) phosphite containing 20 ppm C1 were mixed, pelletized, and molded into a test piece showing high resistance to thermal discoloration during injection molding.

IT 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA
INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L069-00 ICS C08K003-32; C08K005-521; C08K005-524; C08K005-53; C08K005-5333; G11B007-24 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

ST arom polycarbonate organophosphorus heat stabilizer; bisphenol A diphenyl carbonate polymer heat stabilizer; butylphenyl phosphite heat stabilizer arom polycarbonate; optical disk arom polycarbonate phosphorus stabilizer

Polycarbonates, preparation ΙT

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic; transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

ΤT Reat stabilizers

> (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

ΙT Optical disks

> (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion for optical disks)

24936-68-3P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer, SRU, 25929-04-8P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer preparation RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

> (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

ΙT 512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate 2240-41-7, Dimethyl phenylphosphonate 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 13598-36-2, Phosphorous acid, uses 31570-04-4 , Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 91362-37-7 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 313335-83-0

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

L52 ANSWER 6 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:406736 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:74731

TITLE: Discoloration-, heat- and weather-resistant

transparent polyolefin laminated films having

long-lasting antifogging properties for

agricultural uses

INVENTOR(S): Tan, Junji; Kasai, Tetsushi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11168991	A	19990629	JP 1997-349306	
				199712
				18
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-349306	
				199712 18

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AΒ Title films, useful for greenhouses, tunnels, etc., are molded from compns. containing polyolefins prepared by metallocene catalysts, phenolic OHcontaining compds., organic phosphites, hindered amines, and antifogging agents. Thus, ethylene (I) was copolymd. with 1-hexene (II) in the presence of a catalyst comprising SiO2, methylaluminoxane, bis(1-methyl-3butylcyclopentadienyl)zirconium dichloride, and Al(iso-Bu)3 to give copolymers. Then, a composition (as an outer layer) containing 92.5:7.5 I-II copolymer (d. 0.928 g/cm3; MFR 1.63 g/10 min; Mw/Mn 3.5) 85, LDPE (d. 0.923; MFR 0.51) 15, 1,3,5-tris(4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-s-triazine-2,4,6-(1H, 3H, 5H) -trione (III) 0.1, tris(2, 4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite (IV) 0.1, poly[[6-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)imino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl][(2,2,6,6tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)imino]hexamethylene[(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4piperidyl)imino]] (V) 0.1, and 25:70:5 mixture (A) of glycerin monostearate, diglycerin stearate, and diethanol stearylamine 2 parts, was molded with a composition (as an inner layer) containing 86.5:13.5 I-II copolymer (d. 0.908; MFR 1.95; Mw/Mn 3.0) 85, LDPE 15, III 0.1, IV 0.1, V 0.1, and A 3 parts and a composition (as a middle layer) containing 86.5:13.5 I-II copolymer 85, LDPE 15, III 0.1, IV 0.1, V 0.1, and A 2 parts to give a 3-layer tubular film. film showed light transmittance 90% initially and 58% after 2-yr outdoor exposure and retention of tensile elongation 75% after 2 yr.

IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite

80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-

methylphenyl)pentaerythritoldiphosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and

weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,
3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX

IC ICM A01G009-14
ICS A01G013-02; B32B027-32; C08J005-18; C08K005-00; C08L023-02; C08K005-13; C08K005-3492; C08K005-524; C08K005-3435; C08K005-10; C08L023-04

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 19

IT Antifogging agents

Antioxidants

Greenhouses

Heat stabilizers

Laminated plastic films

Transparent films

(discoloration-, heat- and weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

IT Amines, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (hindered, stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

IT Phosphites

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(organic, stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and
weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting
antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

IT 2082-79-3, Octadecyl-3-(4'-hydroxy-3',5'-di-tert-butylphenyl)propionate 27676-62-6 31570-04-4,

Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 40601-76-1 71878-19-8 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl)pentaerythritoldiphosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

L52 ANSWER 7 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:503364 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:171991

TITLE: Heat-resistant fluoro resin compositions and

heat-shrinkable tubes made from them

INVENTOR(S):
Hayami, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Electric Industries, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 07033938	A	19950203	JP 1993-200158	
				199307
				21
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1993-200158	
				199307
				21

AB The title compns. comprising copolymers of ethylene and F2C:CF2 or F2C:CH2, multifunctional monomers, and phosphite esters are molded to form tubes, crosslinked by irradiation, and expanded to give heat-shrinkable tubes. A mixture of ethylene-F2C:CF2 copolymer 100, triallyl isocyanurate 1, and dioctadecyl pentaerythritol diphosphite 0.3 part was extruded to give a film showing light transmittance (400 or 700 nm) 88-90% initially and after irradiation with an electron beam.

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IT 3806-34-6

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (stabilizer; for fluoropolymer during electron beam crosslinking in preparation of heat-shrinkable tubes)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L027-12

ICS B29C061-08; C08K005-10; C08K005-3492; C08K005-524; H01B007-28;

ICI B29K027-12

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT Antioxidants

Heat stabilizers

(phosphite esters; for electron beam crosslinking of

fluoropolymers in preparation of heat-shrinkable tubes)

ΙT Pipes and Tubes

(heat-shrinkable, phosphite stabilizers for

fluoropolymkers for electron beam crosslinking in preparation of)

3806-34-6 54383-82-3D, Bisphenol A diphosphite, ΙT

tetra(C12-15 alkyl) esters

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(stabilizer; for fluoropolymer during electron beam crosslinking in preparation of heat-shrinkable tubes)

L52 ANSWER 8 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1993:540439 HCAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:140439

TITLE: Stabilized polyolefin film and fiber

compositions

INVENTOR(S): Ishii, Tamaki; Yachigo, Shinichi; Kojima,

Fumitoshi; Ida, Kanako

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 530984	A1	19930310	EP 1992-307211	199208
			<	06
EP 530984 R: BE, DE, 1		19951115		
·		•	JP 1991-222727	
				199109 03
			<	Ů Ů
JP 3082333		20000828		
CA 2074870	A1	19930304	CA 1992-2074870	199207 29
			<	29
US 5250593	А	19931005	US 1992-940375	100000
				199209 03
			<	
KR 226316	B1	19991015	KR 1992-16021	199209 03
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.	:		JP 1991-222727	A 199109 03
			<	0.5

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 119:140439

GΙ

10/559,818 24

AB The title compns., stabilized against thermal oxidation during processing and use and discoloration by combustion gas or N oxides, comprise (per 100 parts polyolefin) ≥0.01 part hindered phenolic spiro compound I (R1 = H, C1-3 alkyl), ≥0.01 part aryl acrylate II (R2 = C1-5 alkyl; R3 = C1-8 alkyl; R4 = H, C1-8 alkyl; R5 = H, Me), ≥0.1 part of a specified organic phosph(on)ite compound and, optionally, a hindered piperidine-based polyester light stabilizer. Thus, a blend containing unstabilized polypropylene 100, Ca stearate 0.05, I (R1 = Me) 0.1, II (R2 = Et, R3 = CMe2Et, R4 = Me, R5 = H) 0.1, bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4- methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite (III) 0.1, and a polycondensate of di-Me succinate with 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4- hydroxy- 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (IV) 0.1 part was melt-spun at 340° into filaments and stretched at 135°. Discoloration of the resulting filament fibers was observed after 26 days at 135°, vs. 14 days for similar fibers spun from a blend containing no III and no IV.

ΤT

IT 26741-53-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol
 diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite 80693-00-1,
 Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (heat and light stabilizers, for
 polypropylene fibers)
RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,

3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

10/559,818 25

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA
INDEX NAME)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L023-02

ICS C08K005-00

- ICI C08K005-00, C08K005-15, C08K005-13, C08K005-52, C08K005-3435
- CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40

ST polyolefin fiber discoloration stabilization; polypropylene fiber discoloration stabilization; hydroxyethylhydroxytetramethylpiperidin e polyester heat stabilization polypropylene; film polyolefin discoloration heat stabilization

; piperidine compd stabilizer polyolefin

IT Polypropene fibers, miscellaneous

RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)

(heat and light stabilizers for, hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites and hindered piperidine-based polyester as)

IT Phosphites

RL: USES (Uses)

(heat and light stabilizers, for polyolefin

26

fibers and films) ΤТ Heat stabilizers (hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites, for light-stabilized polyolefin fiber and film) ΙT Light stabilizers (hindered piperidine-based polyester, for heatstabilized polyolefin fibers and films) Polyesters, miscellaneous TT RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (hindered piperidine-based, heat- and lightstabilized polypropylene composition containing) ΙT Phenols, uses RL: USES (Uses) (hindered, heat and light stabilizers, for polyolefin fibers and films) Alkenes, polymers TT RL: USES (Uses) (polymers, films, heat and light stabilizers for, hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites and hindered piperidine-based polyester as) ΙT 26741-53-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite 61167-58-6 70198-29-7 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 90498-90-1 118337-09-0 123968-25-2 140221-14-3 RL: USES (Uses) (heat and light stabilizers, for polypropylene fibers) L52 ANSWER 9 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:535210 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:135210 TITLE: Deactivation of impurities in polycarbonate Blyumenfel'd, A. B.; Levantovskaya, I. I.; AUTHOR(S): Dralyuk, G. V.; Shlyakhter, M. G. CORPORATE SOURCE: USSR SOURCE: Plasticheskie Massy (1987), (7), 48-50CODEN: PLMSAI; ISSN: 0554-2901 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian AB The effect of residual CH2Cl2 content (c = 0.03-0.5%) on the optical properties of polycarbonate (PC), obtained by polycondensation of diphenylolpropane disodium salt with phosgene, at processing temperature 280-300° was studied. The light transmission (K) of PC in the absence of CH2Cl2 solvent decreased from 99 to 98% after 10 min heating, and K of PC containing 0.5, 0.2, and 0.03% CH2Cl2 decreased to 79, 84, and 94%, resp., after heating under analogous conditions. The threshold content of CH2Cl2 above which deterioration of the optical properties of PC takes place was determined from the linear K vs. log c dependences to be 0.015%. The effect of heat stabilizers bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) pentaerythrityl diphosphite and tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite on the k of PC films prepared from CH2C12 solns. was also determined ΙT 26741-53-7 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl) phosphite RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, deactivation of residual methylene chloride in polycarbonate by, optical properties in relation to)

RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT Heat stabilizers

(phosphite esters, deactivation of methylene chloride impurities in polycarbonate films by, optical properties in relation to)

IT 26741-53-7 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-

butylphenyl) phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(heat stabilizers, deactivation of residual
methylene chloride in polycarbonate by, optical properties in
relation to)

L52 ANSWER 10 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:497662 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:97662

TITLE: Heat-resistant methacrylic acid-styrene

copolymer

INVENTOR(S):
Otani, Ikuji; Watanabe, Akihiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61271343	A	19861201	JP 1985-111720	
				198505

24

<--JP 1985-111720

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1985-111720 198505

Transparent compns. useful for microwave oven plates and light elec. appliance parts contain 1-50:99-50 methacrylic acid-styrene copolymer (I) (viscosity of 10% MEK solution 3-20 cP at 25°) and 0.001-0.5 phr phosphite esters. Thus, 8:92 I (solution viscosity 8.5 cP) containing 0.009 phr 4,4',4''-(1,1,3-butanetriyl)tris(6-tert-butyl-3-methylphenol) tris(didecyl phosphite) had Vicat temperature 125° and good transparency and heat resistance.

IT 3806-34-6 64012-42-6 99144-33-9

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for methacrylic acid-styrene copolymers)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 64012-42-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(nonylphenoxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 99144-33-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(tridecyloxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
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ST methacrylic acid copolymer stabilizer; styrene copolymer heat stabilizer; phosphite ester heat stabilizer; phenol hindered phosphite stabilizer

IT Reat stabilizers

(phosphite esters, for transparent methacrylic acid-styrene polymers)

IT 9010-92-8, Methacrylic acid-styrene copolymer

RL: USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers for transparent, phosphite esters as)

IT 80-04-6D, phosphite esters 1333-21-7, Tris(dinonylphenyl)phosphite 3315-29-5 3806-34-6 13003-12-8 13598-36-2D, Phosphorous acid, esters with isopropylidenedicyclohexanol 26523-78-4, Tris(monononylphenyl)phosphite 64012-42-6 68958-97-4 99144-33-9

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for methacrylic acid-styrene copolymers)

L52 ANSWER 11 OF 11 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:553639 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:153639

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 81:23941a,23944a

TITLE: Phosphite ester stabilizers for polycarbonate

INVENTOR(S):
Ohzeki, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Adeka Argus Chemical Co., Ltd. SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
JP 49021454	A	19740225	JP 1972-61475		197206
					20
JP 51021430	В	19760702	<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	Ь	19700702	JP 1972-61475	A	
					197206 20
			<		

The polycarbonate composition containing phosphite (I, R, R1 = independently H, alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, alkylaryl with or without substitution, or polyphenol or polyol with or without phosphite group) has good heat stability. Thus, a 0.2:0.1:0.2 (molar) mixture of (PhO)3P, pentaerythritol, and p-nonylphenol was heated at 135.deg. in the presence of 0.1% K2CO3 and evacuated to remove PhOH to give I (R = R1 = p-nonylphenyl) (II) [52664-24-1]. A mixture of 100 parts polycarbonate and 0.05 part II was pressed at 260.deg. to give a 1-mm sheet which discolored light yellow after 30 min at 250.deg., compared with brown for a similar sheet containing tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite. I (R = p-nonylphenyl, R1 = bisphenol A residue) [52664-25-2], I (R = R1 = Ph) [144-35-4], and 2 other I were prepared and used.

IT 144-35-4 52664-24-1 52664-25-2

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for polycarbonates)

10/559,818 30

RN 144-35-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-diphenoxy-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 52664-24-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(4-nonylphenoxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 52664-25-2 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-[1-methyl-1-[4-[[9-(4-nonylphenoxy)-2,4,8,10-tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undec-3-yl]oxy]phenyl]ethyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

INCL 25(1)D34; 25(1)A231.61

CC 36-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

ST heat stabilizer polycarbonate; pentaerythritol phosphite stabilizer

IT Heat stabilizers

(pentaerythritol aryl phosphites, for polycarbonates)

IT 463-79-6, Carbonic acid

RL: USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers for, pentaerythritol aryl

phosphite esters as)

IT 144-35-4 52664-24-1 52664-25-2

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for polycarbonates)

=> d 153 ibib abs hitstr hitind 1-14

L53 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1127635 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:65575

TITLE: Direct back light type liquid crystal display

and light diffuse plate

INVENTOR(S): Sogo, Isao; Ando, Masato; Takeo, Mitsuhiro;

Maeda, Koji; Jinno, Masanao Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 65 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

		CENT I				KIN:		DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION I	NO.		D	ATE
		2004		92		A1		2004	1223		WO 2		JP87	66		2	00406 6
		₩: RW:	CH, GB, KR, MX, SE, VC, BW, AM, DE,	CN, GD, KZ, MZ, SG, VN, GH, AZ, DK,	CO, GE, LC, NA, SK, YU, GM, BY, EE,	CR, GH, LK, NI, SL, ZA, KE, KG, ES,	CU, GM, LR, NO, SY, ZM, LS, KZ, FI, SK,	AU, CZ, HR, LS, NZ, TJ, ZW MW, MD, FR, TR,	DE, HU, LT, OM, TM, MZ, RU, GB, BF,	DK, ID, LU, PG, TN, NA, TJ, GR,	DM, IL, LV, PH, TR, SD, TM, HU,	DZ, IN, MA, PL, TT, SL, AT, IE,	EC, IS, MD, PT, TZ, SZ, BE, IT,	EE, JP, MG, RO, UA, TZ, BG, LU,	EG, KE, MK, RU, UG, CH, MC,	ES, KG, MN, SC, US, ZM, CY, NL,	FI, KP, MW, SD, UZ, ZW, CZ, PL,
	CN	1809	766	ŕ	ŕ	A	,	2006	0726		CN 2	004-	8001	7048		2	00406 6
	US	2006	1462	28		A1		2006	0706		US 2	-	5598	18		2	00601 8
PRIOR	ITI.	APP:	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	003-	1717	74	:		00306 7
											WO 2	004-	JP87	66	1	₩ 2 1	00406 6

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:65575

AB A direct back light type liquid crystal display having high light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone and exhibiting high luminance. In particular, a direct back light type liquid crystal display including a back light light source, a light diffuse plate, a ray regulation film and a liquid crystal panel, the light diffuse plate optionally having its back light light source side or both sides provided with a protection film, wherein the light diffuse plate is comprised of a composition comprising: (A) aromatic polycarbonate resin (component A) and (B) polymer microparticles of 0.01 to 50 µm average diameter (component B) and, mixed therewith in given amts. per 100 pts.weight of the sum of component A and component B, (C) at least one thermal stabilizer (component C) selected from the group consisting of phosphate compds. (component C-1), phosphite compds. (component C-2) and phosphonite compds. (component C-3), (D) UV absorber (component D) and (E) fluorescent brightener (component E).

IT 3806-34-6, ADK Stab PEP 8 31570-04-4,

Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (thermal stabilizer in light
 diffusion plate; direct back light type liquid
 crystal display with light diffuse plate
 having high light diffusion capability, retaining
 excellent tone, and exhibiting high luminance)
RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,
 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM G02B005-02

ICS G02F001-1335; C08L069-00; F21S002-00

CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 73

ST liq crystal display direct backlight light diffuse plate

IT Silsesquioxanes

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
(Me, Tospearl 120, microparticles in light diffusion
plate; direct back light type liquid crystal
display with light diffuse plate having high
light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and
exhibiting high luminance)

IT Optical instruments

(diffusers; direct back light type liquid crystal display with light diffuse plate having high light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting

diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high luminance)

IT Liquid crystal displays

(direct back light type liquid crystal display with light diffuse plate having high light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high luminance)

IT Polycarbonates, preparation

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RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (light diffusion plate; direct back
        light type liquid crystal display with light
       diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
     3147-76-0, Kemisorb 79
                            18600-59-4, CEi-P
ΤТ
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (UV absorber in light diffusion plate; direct
        back light type liquid crystal display with light
       diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
     3333-62-8, Hakkol PSR
                             58984-32-0, Kayalight OS
ΤT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (fluorescent brightener in light diffusion
       plate; direct back light type liquid crystal
       display with light diffuse plate having high
        light diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and
        exhibiting high luminance)
     24936-68-3P, preparation
                                25971-63-5P, Bisphenol A-phosgene
ΤТ
     copolymer
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified);
     PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (light diffusion plate; direct back
        light type liquid crystal display with light
       diffuse plate having high light diffusion
        capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting high
        luminance)
     202289-68-7, Paraloid EXL 5136
                                    808764-07-0, MBX 3S
ΤТ
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (microparticles in light diffusion plate;
       direct back light type liquid crystal display with
        light diffuse plate having high light
       diffusion capability, retaining excellent tone, and exhibiting
       high luminance)
     512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate 3806-34-6, ADK Stab PEP 8
TT
     31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite
     153550-59-5, Sandostab P-EPQ
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (thermal stabilizer in light
       diffusion plate; direct back light type liquid
        crystal display with light diffuse plate
        having high light diffusion capability, retaining
        excellent tone, and exhibiting high luminance)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         5
                               THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                               THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                               THE RE FORMAT
L53 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:287079 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:304984
TITLE:
                        Heat-resistant resin compositions, transparent
                        optical films with no surface
                        defects, and their manufacture
INVENTOR(S):
                        Shiota, Minoru; Takanoo, Yutaka; Shimokawa,
                        Minoru
                        Kanegafuchi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.
```

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004107371	A	20040408	JP 2002-267922	
				200209
				13
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-267922	
				200209 13
				10

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AB Title compns. comprise (A) thermoplastic resins containing (substituted) imide groups on side chains, (B) thermoplastic resins containing (substituted) Ph and nitrile groups on side chains, (C) lactones and/or phenolic acrylates as heat stabilizers, and (D) phenols and/or P compds. as heat stabilizers.

Optical films, useful for liquid crystal displays, etc., show haze ≤2% and light transmittance ≥85% and are manufactured by melt extruding and optionally biaxially stretching the compns. Thus, isobutene-N-methylmaleimide alternating copolymer 65, acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 35, 3-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-5,7-di-tert-butyl-3H-benzofuran-2-one 0.05, pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate] 0.13, and tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 0.13 part were mixed and extruded to give a film showing haze 0.25%, light transmittance 91.3%, and no surface defects.

IT 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-

methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizer; thermoplastic resin compns.

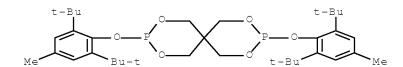
containing heat stabilizers for heat

-resistant transparent optical films with

good appearance)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers; thermoplastic resin

compns. containing heat stabilizers for

heat-resistant transparent optical

films with good appearance)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX

35 NAME)

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IC
     ICM C08L101-02
         C08J005-18; C08K005-10; C08K005-13; C08K005-49; C08L023-02;
          C08L025-00; C08L033-18; C08L035-00; G02F001-1333
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 73
ST
     isobutene maleimide copolymer optical film heat
     resistance; acrylonitrile styrene copolymer optical
     film heat resistance; benzofuranone pentaerythritol
     hydroxyphenylpropionate phosphite heat stabilizer
     transparent film; lactone phenolic heat stabilizer
     thermoplastic optical film
    Reat stabilizers
ΙT
      Optical films
     Plastic films
     Transparent films
        (thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat
        stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent
        optical films with good appearance)
ΙT
     Polymer blends
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat
        stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent
        optical films with good appearance)
     1843-03-4, 1,1,3-Tris(2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert-butylphenyl)butane
ΙT
     80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-
     methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 123968-25-2,
     2-[1-(2-Hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-pentylphenyl)ethyl]-4,6-di-tert-
     pentylphenyl acrylate
                            133410-72-7
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (heat stabilizer; thermoplastic resin compns.
        containing heat stabilizers for heat
        -resistant transparent optical films with
        good appearance)
ΙT
     6683-19-8, Pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-
     hydroxyphenyl)propionate] 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-
                             164391-52-0, 5,7-Di-tert-butyl-3-(3,4-
     butylphenyl) phosphite
     dimethylphenyl)-3H-benzofuran-2-one
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (heat stabilizers; thermoplastic resin
        compns. containing heat stabilizers for
        heat-resistant transparent optical
        films with good appearance)
ΙT
     9003-54-7, Acrylonitrile-styrene copolymer 173219-65-3,
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10/559,818 36

Isobutene-N-methylmaleimide alternating copolymer
RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(thermoplastic resin compns. containing heat stabilizers for heat-resistant transparent optical films with good appearance)

L53 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:178 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:28445

TITLE: Hindered amine light stabilizer-containing

weather resistant PVC film and its preparation

INVENTOR(S): Ye, Yongcheng; Bai, Fuchen

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Changchun Institute of Applied Chemistry,

Chinese Academy of Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 16

pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 CN 1359972	A	20020724	CN 2001-143499	000110
				200112 29
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< CN 2001-143499	
				200112 29

AB A weather-resistant PVC film with a sustaining period over 18 mo is prepared by mixing 100 parts PVC resin (DP: 800-1 700) with 0.2-0.3 or 0.2-0.45 parts hindered amine light stabilizer, such as GW-540, 0.2-0.3 parts UV absorber, such as benzotriazole, 0.3-0.5 parts antioxidant, such as antioxidant 1010, 2.2-3.7 parts heat stabilizer, such as Zn stearate, 44-52 parts plasticizer, such as DOP, and 2.4-2.9 parts auxiliaries, such as saponite, and calendering.

T 101-02-0, Triphenyl phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(hindered amine light stabilizer-containing weather

resistant PVC film)

RN 101-02-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphorous acid, triphenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L027-06

ICS C08K055-24; C08J005-18

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

IT Plastic films

(hindered amine light stabilizer-containing weather

resistant PVC film)

IT 84-74-2, Dibutyl phthalate 85-68-7, Butylbenzyl phthalate

101-02-0, Triphenyl phosphite 106-84-3, Octyl epoxy stearate 123-79-5, Dioctyl adipate 131-57-7 147-14-8, Phthalocyanine Blue 557-05-1, Zinc stearate 1330-78-5, Tritolyl phosphate 1338-41-6, Span-60 1843-05-6 3135-19-1 3648-21-3, Diheptyl phthalate 3864-99-1, 2-(2'-Hydroxy-3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-5-chlorobenzotriazole 3896-11-5 6683-19-8, Antioxidant 1010 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 26266-57-9, Span-40 49637-59-4, Phenyldiisooctyl phosphite 66732-77-2, Saponite 125052-71-3, CA (antioxidant) RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (hindered amine light stabilizer-containing weather resistant PVC film) 2223-93-0, Cadmium stearate 6865-35-6, Barium stearate RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (thermal stabilizer; hindered amine light stabilizer-containing weather resistant PVC film)

L53 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:544041 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:371041

TITLE: Production of weather-resistant polyethylene

films containing light

stabilizers

INVENTOR(S): Tayurskii, V. A.; Zakazov, A. N.; Amosov, V. V.;

Yanbaev, S. P.; Pozdnukhov, A. N.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Otkrytoe Aktsionernoe Obshchestvo "Angarskaya

Neftekhimicheskaya Kompaniya", Russia

SOURCE: Russ., No pp. given

CODEN: RUXXE7

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Russian

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

ΙT

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
RU 2174525	C2	20011010	RU 1999-111689	
				199905
				31
			<	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: RU 1999-111689

199905

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AB A polyethylene film contains Benazol P as a light stabilizer, Irgaphos 168 as a heat stabilizer and Irganox 1010 as an antioxidant. The film is exposed to irradiation with electron beams with radiation dose of 0.7-1.3 Mrad. The film shows high weather-resistant characteristics and can be used in agriculture.

IT 31570-04-4, Irgafos 168

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (heat stabilizer; production of weather-resistant
 polyethylene films containing light
 stabilizers)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

$$t-Bu$$
 $t-Bu$
 $t-Bu$
 $t-Bu$
 $t-Bu$
 $t-Bu$
 $t-Bu$
 $t-Bu$

IC ICM C08J005-18 ICS C08L023-06; C08J003-28

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

IT Electron beams

(irradiation; of films in production of weather-resistant polyethylene films containing light stabilizers)

IT Light stabilizers
Plastic films

(production of weather-resistant polyethylene films containing light stabilizers)

IT 6683-19-8, Irganox 1010

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(antioxidant; production of weather-resistant polyethylene
films containing light stabilizers)

IT 31570-04-4, Irgafos 168

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (heat stabilizer; production of weather-resistant
 polyethylene films containing light
 stabilizers)

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (high-d.; production of weather-resistant polyethylene films containing light stabilizers)

IT 2440-22-4, Benazol P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(light stabilizer; production of weather-resistant polyethylene
films containing light stabilizers)

L53 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:541470 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:248371

TITLE: Additive interactions in the stabilization of film grade high-density polyethylene. Part II:

stabilization during long-term service Parrondo, Aitor; Allen, Norman S.; Edge,

AUTHOR(S): Parrondo, Aitor; Allen, Norman S.; Edge,
Michele; Liauw, Christopher M.; Fontan, Eusebio
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Materials, Centre

CE: Department of Chemistry and Materials, Centre for Materials Science, Manchester Metropolitan

University, Manchester, M1 5GD, UK

SOURCE: Journal of Vinyl & Additive Technology (

2002), 8(2), 90-102

CODEN: JVATF4; ISSN: 1083-5601 Society of Plastics Engineers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

PUBLISHER:

The performance of phenol/phosphite/Zn stearate packages and the contribution of each additive to the long-term thermal stabilization and photostabilization of HDPE film were evaluated using Phillips catalyst technol. IR, UV and yellowness index measurements were used to establish the performance of the additive combinations. HPLC anal. of dichloromethane exts. of the polymer was carried out after melt processing to determine the amount of phenolic antioxidant remaining in the samples. The long-term thermal stabilization was dependent only on the phenolic antioxidant concentration, whereas both phenolic antioxidants and phosphites contributed directly to photostabilization. Zn stearate did not show any significant influence on the stabilization under either thermooxidative or photooxidative conditions.

IT 26741-53-7, PEP 24 31570-04-4, Irgafos 168 80693-00-1, PEP 36 154862-43-8, Alkanox 28

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade HDPE)

RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1-methyl-1-phenylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

ST HDPE film stabilizer additive interaction; thermal stabilizer interaction HDPE film; photostabilizer interaction HDPE film

IT Antioxidants

Heat stabilizers

Light stabilizers

(additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade HDPE)

IT 557-05-1, Zinc stearate 1709-70-2, Irganox 1330 1843-03-4, Lowinox CA22 6683-19-8, Irganox 1010 26523-78-4, TNPP 26741-53-7, PEP 24 31570-04-4, Irgafos 168 80410-33-9, Irgafos 12 80693-00-1, PEP 36 118337-09-0, Ethanox 398 140221-14-3, Mark HP10 145650-60-8, Irgafos 38 154862-43-8, Alkanox 28

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade HDPE)

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (high-d.; additive interaction in long term thermal and light stabilization of film grade HDPE)

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:573359 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:153631

TITLE: Light-diffusion aromatic polycarbonate

compositions

INVENTOR(S):
Mitsunaga, Masaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 2001214049 A 20010807 JP 2000-127307

200004

27

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 19

JP 1999-333771

199911 25

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:153631

AΒ The compns., useful for light-diffusion plates, etc., contain (A) 100 parts polymers containing 80-99.995% aromatic polycarbonates and 0.005-20% polymeric fine particles, (B) 0.0001-0.05 part ≥1 P-based stabilizers chosen from di- or mono-R1-substituted biphenyl and (R2O)3P [R1 = P(OR3)2; R2 = dialkylsubstituted C8-20 aromatic group; R3 = (alkyl-substituted) C6-20 aromatic group], (C) 0.001-1.0 part tri-Me phosphate, (D) 0.001-1.0 part hindered phenol compds., and (E) 0-0.5 part fluorescent brighteners. Thus, a composition containing (A) 99 parts bisphenol A-phosgene copolymer, (B) 1 part MBX 5 (crosslinked acrylic polymer particle), (C) 0.003 part a 71:15:14 mixture of (a) a 100:50:1 mixture of tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'biphenylenediphosphonite, tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,3'biphenylenediphosphonite, and tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,3'biphenylenediphosphonite, (b) a 5:3 mixture of bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4phenylphenylphosphonite and bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3phenylphenylphosphonite, and (c) tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite, (D) 0.05 part tri-Me phosphate, and (E) 0.15 part octadecyl 3-(4-hydroxy-3,5-ditert- butylphenyl)propionate was injection-molded to give a test piece showing total light transmittance (ASTM D 1003) 78.1% and good heat and moisture discoloration resistance.

IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-01-5, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,3'-biphenylenediphosphonite RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizer; light-diffusion aromatic polycarbonate compns. with good discoloration resistance) 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

RN

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA
INDEX NAME)

43

10/559,818 ICS C08K005-00; C08K005-13; C08K005-51; C08K005-521; C08L101-12 CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 73 ST light diffusion arom polycarbonate phosgene bisphenol; heat stabilizer butylphenyl biphenylenediphosphonite phenylphenylphosphonite phosphite; discoloration prevention methyl phosphate octadecyl hydroxybutylphenylpropionate Discoloration prevention agents ΤТ Fluorescent brighteners Heat stabilizers (light-diffusion aromatic polycarbonate compns. with good discoloration resistance) 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 91362-37-7, Bis(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl)-4-phenylphenylphosphonite 118421-00-4, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-01-5, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,3'-biphenylenediphosphonite 313335-83-0, Bis(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl)-3-phenylphenylphosphonite RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizer; light-diffusion aromatic polycarbonate compns. with good discoloration resistance) L53 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:91270 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:148383 TITLE: Transparent aromatic polycarbonate compositions with phosphorus-containing stabilizers INVENTOR(S): Ohira, Yoji Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 2001031752 A 20010206 JP 1999-207247 199907 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1999-207247 199907 22 <--OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:148383 The compns. having high heat resistance in molding, heat-moisture fatigue resistance, and adhesion, suitable for optical disks, sheets, etc., comprise (A) 100 parts aromatic polycarbonates prepared from dihydric phenols and carbonate esters to have relative fluorescence strength at 465 nm vs. standard substance $\leq 4 \times 10-3$ in fluorescence spectrum (excited wave length 320 nm) and viscosity-average mol. weight 10,000-50,000 and (B) 0.0001-0.15 part stabilizers of [(Ar10)2PQ]2, (Ar20)2PQPh, P(OAr3)3, P(O)(OR1)3, cyclic diphosphites of R2OPQ'POR2, and/or Ar4O(0)(OR3)2 [Ar1, Ar2, Ar4 = (alkyl-

substituted) aromatic group; Ar3 = dialkyl-substituted aromatic group; Q =

phenylene; R1-3 = alkyl, (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q' =

pentaerythritol residue] containing 1-11,000 ppm of H3PO3, Cl, and Cl-. Thus, 100 parts bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer (relative fluorescence strength 1 + 10-3, viscosity-average mol. weight 24,300) and 0.03 part tris(2,4-di-tert- butylphenyl) phosphite containing 20 ppm Cl were mixed, pelletized, and molded into a test piece showing high resistance to thermal discoloration during injection molding.

IT 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08G064-04

ICS C08G064-30; C08K005-49; C08L069-00

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CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74
ST
     arom polycarbonate organophosphorus heat
     stabilizer; bisphenol A diphenyl carbonate polymer
     heat stabilizer; butylphenyl phosphite
     heat stabilizer arom polycarbonate; optical disk
     arom polycarbonate phosphorus stabilizer
ΤТ
     Polycarbonates, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (aromatic; transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
    Heat stabilizers
ΤТ
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
     Optical disks
ΙT
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion for optical disks)
     24936-68-3P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer, SRU,
                   25929-04-8P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer
     preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
     512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate
                                     2240-41-7, Dimethyl
ΤТ
     phenylphosphonate 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol
     diphosphite 13598-36-2, Phosphorous acid, uses 31570-04-4
     , Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3,
     Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite
     91362-37-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4-phenyl-phenylphosphonite
     118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-
     , tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester
     118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-
     , tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester
                                                          313335-83-0,
     Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3-phenyl-phenylphosphonite
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type
        stabilizers for improving heat resistance and
        adhesion)
L53 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2001:89689 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         134:148377
TITLE:
                         Transparent aromatic polycarbonate compositions
                         with phosphorus-containing stabilizers
                         Ohira, Yoji
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
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	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 2001031859	A	20010206	JP 1999-207246	
					199907
					22
				<	
PRIOR	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1999-207246	
					199907
					22

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:148377

The compns. having high heat resistance in molding, heat-moisture fatigue resistance, and adhesion, suitable for optical disks, sheets, etc., comprise (A) 100 parts aromatic polycarbonates prepared from dihydric phenols and carbonate esters by melt-polymerization to have residual catalyst activity ≤2% and viscosity-average mol. weight 10,000-50,000 and (B) 0.0001-0.15 part stabilizers of [(Ar10)2PQ]2, (Ar20)2PQPh, P(OAr3)3, P(O)(OR1)3, cyclic diphosphites of R2OPQ'POR2, and/or Ar40(O)(OR3)2 [Ar1, Ar2, Ar4 = (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q = phenylene; R1-3 = alkyl, (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q' = pentaerythritol residue] containing 1-11,000 ppm of H3PO3, C1, and C1-. Thus, 100 parts 2,2'-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane- diphenyl carbonate copolymer (residual catalyst activity 0.3%, viscosity-average mol. weight 24,300) and 0.03 part tris(2,4-di-tert- butylphenyl) phosphite containing 20 ppm C1 were mixed, pelletized, and molded into a test piece showing high resistance to thermal discoloration during injection molding.

IT 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-t

MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L069-00 ICS C08K003-32; C08K005-521; C08K005-524; C08K005-53; C08K005-5333; G11B007-24

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

ST arom polycarbonate organophosphorus heat stabilizer; bisphenol A diphenyl carbonate polymer heat stabilizer; butylphenyl phosphite heat stabilizer arom polycarbonate; optical disk arom polycarbonate phosphorus stabilizer

IT Polycarbonates, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic; transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT Heat stabilizers

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT Optical disks

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion for optical disks)

IT 24936-68-3P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer, SRU, preparation 25929-04-8P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT 512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate 2240-41-7, Dimethyl phenylphosphonate 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 13598-36-2, Phosphorous acid, uses 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 91362-37-7 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 313335-83-0

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

L53 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:51614 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:195192

TITLE: Developments in hindered amine chemistry promote

polyolefin growth opportunities

AUTHOR(S): Solera, Peter; Capocci, Gerald

CORPORATE SOURCE: Additives Division, Ciba Specialty Chemicals Corporation, Tarrytown, NY, 10951-9005, USA

SOURCE: Polymers & Polymer Composites (1999),

7(8), 521-536

CODEN: PPOCEC; ISSN: 0967-3911

PUBLISHER: Rapra Technology Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Over the past four decades, advances in polyolefin stabilization have helped manufacturers expand their material choices to capture economic and performance benefits. In the '60s and '70s, antioxidants and UV absorbers provided baseline levels of protection against thermal and UV degradation During the 1980's hindered amine light stabilizers substantially extended the service life of polyolefins for a multitude of film, fiber and molded articles. In the last ten years, breakthroughs in hindered amine chemical have pushed the performance boundaries of polyolefins to even greater heights. Now, in the '90s, the elimination of undesirable aspects of hindered amine stabilization, such as amine deactivation in flame retardant systems and reduced color yield in pigmented plastics, is allowing material substitution in markets traditionally earmarked for engineering polymers, glass and metal. This paper focuses on advances in hindered amine chemical designed to address these shortcomings. Examples of applications where new hindered amines provide enhanced value are demonstrated. Performance data are presented for polypropylene fiber, thermoplastic olefins for automotive parts and construction applications, polyethylene agricultural film and flame retardant systems. The advantage of using hindered amines as thermal stabilizers is also discussed.

IT 89421-57-8

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (hindered amine light and heat stabilizers for polyolefins)

RN 89421-57-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxy-, 1,1'-[2,2-bis[[3-[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropoxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl] ester, mixt. with tris[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 31570-04-4 CMF C42 H63 O3 P

CM 2

CRN 6683-19-8 CMF C73 H108 O12

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 2-A

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CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
ST
     hindered amine light heat stabilizer polyolefin
ΙT
     Paints
        (adhesion promoters for; hindered amine light and heat
        stabilizers for polyolefins)
ΙT
     EPDM rubber
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (blends; hindered amine light and heat
        stabilizers for polyolefins)
ΙT
     Heat stabilizers
     Light stabilizers
        (hindered amine light and heat stabilizers
        for polyolefins)
ΙT
     Polypropene fibers, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (hindered amine light and heat stabilizers
        for polyolefins)
     Polymer blends
ΙT
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
     USES (Uses)
        (hindered amine light and heat stabilizers
        for polyolefins)
ΙT
     Amines, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (hindered; hindered amine light and heat
        stabilizers for polyolefins)
ΙT
     Polyolefins
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (thermoplastic; hindered amine light and heat
        stabilizers for polyolefins)
     123250-74-8
ΤТ
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (Irgastab FS 042; hindered amine light and heat
        stabilizers for polyolefins)
ΙT
     9002-88-4
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (agricultural film; hindered amine light and
        heat stabilizers for polyolefins)
     25085-53-4
TΤ
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses)
        (fiber; hindered amine light and heat
        stabilizers for polyolefins)
                 52829-07-9
                              70198-29-7
ΙT
     25973-55-1
                                           71878-19-8 89421-57-8
```

90751-07-8 106990-43-6 122586-52-1 195300-91-5 223714-51-0,

CGL 116 260271-11-2, Tinuvin C 353

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (hindered amine light and heat stabilizers

for polyolefins)

IT 9003-07-0

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); USES (Uses) (hindered amine light and heat stabilizers

for polyolefins)

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE

FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE

IN THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:406736 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:74731

TITLE: Discoloration-, heat- and weather-resistant

transparent polyolefin laminated films having

long-lasting antifogging properties for

agricultural uses

INVENTOR(S): Tan, Junji; Kasai, Tetsushi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11168991	А	19990629	JP 1997-349306	199712 18
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 1997-349306	199712 18

<--

Title films, useful for greenhouses, tunnels, etc., are molded from compns. AΒ containing polyolefins prepared by metallocene catalysts, phenolic OHcontaining compds., organic phosphites, hindered amines, and antifogging agents. Thus, ethylene (I) was copolymd. with 1-hexene (II) in the presence of a catalyst comprising SiO2, methylaluminoxane, bis(1-methyl-3butylcyclopentadienyl)zirconium dichloride, and Al(iso-Bu)3 to give copolymers. Then, a composition (as an outer layer) containing 92.5:7.5 I-II copolymer (d. 0.928 g/cm3; MFR 1.63 g/10 min; Mw/Mn 3.5) 85, LDPE (d. 0.923; MFR 0.51) 15, 1,3,5-tris(4-hydroxy-3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-s-triazine-2,4,6-(1H, 3H, 5H) -trione (III) 0.1, tris(2, 4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite (IV) 0.1, poly[[6-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)imino-1,3,5-triazine-2,4-diyl][(2,2,6,6tetramethyl-4-piperidyl)imino]hexamethylene[(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4piperidyl)imino]] (V) 0.1, and 25:70:5 mixture (A) of glycerin monostearate, diglycerin stearate, and diethanol stearylamine 2 parts, was molded with a composition (as an inner layer) containing 86.5:13.5 I-II copolymer (d. 0.908; MFR 1.95; Mw/Mn 3.0) 85, LDPE 15, III 0.1, IV 0.1, V 0.1, and A 3 parts and a composition (as a middle layer) containing 86.5:13.5 I-II copolymer 85, LDPE 15, III 0.1, IV 0.1, V 0.1, and A 2 parts to give a 3-layer tubular film. film showed light transmittance 90% initially and 58% after 2-yr outdoor exposure and retention of tensile elongation 75% after 2 yr.

IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite
80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4methylphenyl)pentaerythritoldiphosphite
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and
 weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting
 antifogging properties for agricultural uses)
RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS
CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,
3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM A01G009-14 ICS A01G013-02; B32B027-32; C08J005-18; C08K005-00; C08L023-02; C08K005-13; C08K005-3492; C08K005-524; C08K005-3435; C08K005-10; C08L023-04 CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses) Section cross-reference(s): 19 ΙT Antifogging agents Antioxidants Greenhouses Heat stabilizers Laminated plastic films Transparent films (discoloration-, heat- and weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses) ΙT Amines, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (hindered, stabilizer; discoloration-, heat and weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having
 long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses)
Phosphites

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (organic, stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and

ΙT

weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting
antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

IT 2082-79-3, Octadecyl-3-(4'-hydroxy-3',5'-di-tert-butylphenyl)propionate 27676-62-6 31570-04-4,

Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 40601-76-1 71878-19-8

80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl)pentaerythritoldiphosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(stabilizer; discoloration-, heat- and

weather-resistant multilayer polyolefin films having long-lasting antifogging properties for agricultural uses)

L53 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:667676 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:267676

TITLE: Prevention of degradation of cellulose acetate

films by heat and moisture

INVENTOR(S): Murayama, Masahiko; Sato, Kozo PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 53 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06107854	A	19940419	JP 1992-177110	
				199207
				03
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-177110	
				199207
				03
			<	

GΙ

Cellulose acetate (I) films containing compns. (A) comprising basic compds. (Ba)mX (X = chemical bond or di- or trivalent organic residue; Ba = aryl or aryloxy group containing amino groups or N-containing heterocyclic group; m = 2 or 3) and peroxide decomposing agents, radical chain inhibitors, or metal deactivating agents as discoloration prevention agents or I films having a primer layer containing A are resistant to degradation by heat and moisture and optionally have a surface layer containing emulsified halogenated Ag. The films are useful for photog. base films (with data), protective films for polarizers, optical filters, and release films (no data). A composition comprising cellulose triacetate 100, tri-Ph phosphate 16, II 1, tri-Ph phosphite 0.1, CH2C12 270, BuOH 7, and MeOH 70 parts was cast and dried to

give a film 140 μm thick and exhibiting viscosity retention 98% after 120 h at 90° and 100% relative humidity.

IT 101-02-0, Triphenyl phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizer; prevention of degradation of cellulose acetate films by heat and moisture)

RN 101-02-0 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphorous acid, triphenyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OPh Pho—P—OPh

IC ICM C08L001-12

ICS C08J005-18; C08K005-00; C08K005-16

ICA G03C001-76

CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST cellulose acetate film heat resistance; moisture resistance cellulose acetate film; stabilization heat cellulose acetate film; degrdn prevention cellulose acetate film; discoloration prevention cellulose acetate film; photog film cellulose acetate heat stabilization

IT Heat stabilizers

(basic compound-containing; for prevention of degradation of cellulose acetate films by heat and moisture)

IT 101-02-0, Triphenyl phosphite 33145-10-7 70331-94-1 85238-64-8 155647-70-4 155685-54-4 158659-15-5 158659-16-6 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizer; prevention of degradation of cellulose acetate films by heat and moisture)

L53 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:540439 HCAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:140439

TITLE: Stabilized polyolefin film and fiber

compositions

INVENTOR(S): Ishii, Tamaki; Yachigo, Shinichi; Kojima,

Fumitoshi; Ida, Kanako

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 530984	A1	19930310	EP 1992-307211	
				199208
				06
			<	
ED E20004	D.1	10051115	`	
EP 530984	B1	19951115		
R: BE, DE, F	'R, GB, I	T, NL		
JP 05059227	A	19930309	JP 1991-222727	

199109

U3

					0.5
			<		
JP 3082333	B2	20000828			
CA 2074870	A1	19930304	CA 1992-2074870		
					199207
					29
			<		
US 5250593	А	19931005	US 1992-940375		
					199209
					03
			<		
KR 226316	В1	19991015	KR 1992-16021		
					199209
					03
			<		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-222727	А	
					199109
					03

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OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 119:140439

GΙ

$$\begin{bmatrix} R1 & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ HO & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & \\$$

The title compns., stabilized against thermal oxidation during processing and use and discoloration by combustion gas or N oxides, comprise (per 100 parts polyolefin) ≥0.01 part hindered phenolic spiro compound I (R1 = H, C1-3 alkyl), ≥0.01 part aryl acrylate II (R2 = C1-5 alkyl; R3 = C1-8 alkyl; R4 = H, C1-8 alkyl; R5 = H, Me), ≥0.1 part of a specified organic phosph(on)ite compound and, optionally, a hindered piperidine-based polyester light stabilizer. Thus, a blend containing unstabilized polypropylene 100, Ca stearate 0.05, I (R1 = Me) 0.1, II (R2 = Et, R3 = CMe2Et, R4 = Me, R5 = H) 0.1, bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4- methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite (III) 0.1, and a polycondensate of di-Me succinate with 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4- hydroxy- 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (IV) 0.1 part was melt-spun at 340° into filaments and stretched at 135°. Discoloration of the resulting filament fibers was observed after 26 days at 135°, vs. 14 days for similar fibers spun from a blend containing no III and no IV.

IT 26741-53-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite 80693-00-1,

Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite RL: USES (Uses)

(heat and light stabilizers, for

polypropylene fibers)

RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 80693-00-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L023-02 ICS C08K005-00 ICI C08K005-00, C08K005-15, C08K005-13, C08K005-52, C08K005-3435 CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40 ST polyolefin fiber discoloration stabilization; polypropylene fiber discoloration stabilization; hydroxyethylhydroxytetramethylpiperidin e polyester heat stabilization polypropylene; film polyolefin discoloration heat stabilization ; piperidine compd stabilizer polyolefin ΙT Polypropene fibers, miscellaneous RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (heat and light stabilizers for, hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites and hindered piperidine-based polyester as) ΙT Phosphites RL: USES (Uses) (heat and light stabilizers, for polyolefin fibers and films) ΙT Heat stabilizers (hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites, for light-stabilized polyolefin fiber and film) ΙT Light stabilizers (hindered piperidine-based polyester, for heatstabilized polyolefin fibers and films) ΙT Polyesters, miscellaneous RL: MSC (Miscellaneous) (hindered piperidine-based, heat- and lightstabilized polypropylene composition containing) ΙT Phenols, uses RL: USES (Uses) (hindered, heat and light stabilizers, for polyolefin fibers and films) ΙT Alkenes, polymers RL: USES (Uses) (polymers, films, heat and light stabilizers for, hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites and hindered piperidine-based polyester as) ΤТ 26741-53-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite 61167-58-6 70198-29-7 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 90498-90-1 118337-09-0 123968-25-2 140221-14-3 RL: USES (Uses) (heat and light stabilizers, for polypropylene fibers)

L53 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:535210 HCAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:135210

TITLE: Deactivation of impurities in polycarbonate

AUTHOR(S): Blyumenfel'd, A. B.; Levantovskaya, I. I.;

Dralyuk, G. V.; Shlyakhter, M. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: USSR

SOURCE: Plasticheskie Massy (1987), (7), 48-50

CODEN: PLMSAI; ISSN: 0554-2901

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

The effect of residual CH2Cl2 content (c = 0.03-0.5%) on the optical properties of polycarbonate (PC), obtained by polycondensation of diphenylolpropane disodium salt with phosgene, at processing temperature 280-300° was studied. The light transmission (K) of PC in the absence of CH2Cl2 solvent decreased from 99 to 98% after 10 min heating, and K of PC containing 0.5, 0.2, and 0.03% CH2Cl2 decreased to 79, 84, and 94%, resp., after heating under analogous conditions. The threshold content of CH2Cl2 above which deterioration of the optical properties of PC takes place was determined from the linear K vs. log c dependences to be 0.015%. The effect of heat stabilizers bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) pentaerythrityl diphosphite and tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite on the k of PC films prepared from CH2Cl2 solns. was also determined

IT 26741-53-7 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-

butylphenyl) phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers, deactivation of residual

methylene chloride in polycarbonate by, optical properties in relation to)

RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane,

3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT Heat stabilizers

(phosphite esters, deactivation of methylene chloride impurities in polycarbonate films by, optical properties in relation to)

IT 26741-53-7 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-

10/559,818

butylphenyl) phosphite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(heat stabilizers, deactivation of residual
methylene chloride in polycarbonate by, optical properties in
relation to)

L53 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:450639 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:50639

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 81:8091a,8094a

TITLE: Stabilizers for poly(phenylene oxide)

INVENTOR(S):
Ohzeki, Toshio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Adeka Argus Chemical Co., Ltd. SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JР 49023846	A	19740302	JP 1972-65198	197206
			<	29
JP 51040589 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	В	19761104	JP 1972-65198 A	197206 29

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Phosphite (I) and(or) R2O(R3O)POZR4OR5 (R,R1,R2,R3 = H, alkyl, aryl, alicyclic, aralkyl, alkylaryl, or polyphenol residue with or without phosphate groups; R4 = H or R5, R5 = H or P(OR6)OR7; R6,R7 = R,R1,R2, or R3, or R2 and R3 and(or) R6 and R7 may form ring; n = 0 or 1; Z = polyphenol residue) are added to poly(phenylene oxide) composition to stabilize the polymer. Thus, a 2:1 molar mixture of p-tert-BuC6H4OH and 2,6-di-tert-butylhydroquinone in PhMe was treated with 1 mole PC13, and the mixture was refluxed 2 hr to give bis(p-tert-butylphenyl) 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl phosphite (II) [7726-10-5]. A composition of 100 parts poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene oxide) [24938-67-8] and 0.5 part II was pressed at 300.deg. to give 1-mm sheets which yellowed lightly after 30 min at 225.deg., compared with brown discoloration for a sheet without II. Similarly used were 20 other phosphite esters.

IT 7726-10-5

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (heat stabilizers, for poly(dimethylphenylene
 oxide))

RN 7726-10-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphorous acid, 3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl bis[4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

INCL 25(1)D62; 25(1)A231.61

CC 36-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 24, 25

IT Polyoxyphenylenes

RL: USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers for, organic phosphites as)

IT Heat stabilizers

(organic phosphites, for polyoxyphenylenes)

IT 24938-67-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers for, bis(butylphenyl)

butylhydroxyphenyl phosphite as)

IT 7726-10-5

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (heat stabilizers, for poly(dimethylphenylene
 oxide))

=> d 154 ibib abs hitstr hitind 1-7

L54 ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:573359 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:153631

TITLE: Light-diffusion aromatic polycarbonate

compositions

INVENTOR(S):
Mitsunaga, Masaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
А	20010807	JP 2000-127307		
				200004 27
		<		
		JP 1999-333771	A	199911 25
			A 20010807 JP 2000-127307	A 20010807 JP 2000-127307 < JP 1999-333771 A

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:153631

AΒ The compns., useful for light-diffusion plates, etc., contain (A) 100 parts polymers containing 80-99.995% aromatic polycarbonates and 0.005-20% polymeric fine particles, (B) 0.0001-0.05 part ≥1 P-based stabilizers chosen from di- or mono-R1-substituted biphenyl and (R2O)3P [R1 = P(OR3)2; R2 = dialkylsubstituted C8-20 aromatic group; R3 = (alkyl-substituted) C6-20 aromatic group], (C) 0.001-1.0 part tri-Me phosphate, (D) 0.001-1.0 part hindered phenol compds., and (E) 0-0.5 part fluorescent brighteners. Thus, a composition containing (A) 99 parts bisphenol A-phosgene copolymer, (B) 1 part MBX 5 (crosslinked acrylic polymer particle), (C) 0.003 part a 71:15:14 mixture of (a) a 100:50:1 mixture of tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'biphenylenediphosphonite, tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,3'biphenylenediphosphonite, and tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,3'biphenylenediphosphonite, (b) a 5:3 mixture of bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4phenylphenylphosphonite and bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3phenylphenylphosphonite, and (c) tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite, (D) 0.05 part tri-Me phosphate, and (E) 0.15 part octadecyl 3-(4-hydroxy-3,5-ditert- butylphenyl)propionate was injection-molded to give a test piece showing total light transmittance (ASTM D 1003) 78.1% and good heat and moisture discoloration resistance.

IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-01-5, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,3'-biphenylenediphosphonite RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizer; light-diffusion aromatic

polycarbonate compns. with good discoloration resistance) 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

RN

CN

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

10/559,818 64

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-, CN P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L069-00

ICS C08K005-00; C08K005-13; C08K005-51; C08K005-521; C08L101-12

- CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
- Section cross-reference(s): 73
- ST light diffusion arom polycarbonate phosgene bisphenol; heat stabilizer butylphenyl biphenylenediphosphonite phenylphenylphosphonite phosphite; discoloration prevention methyl phosphate octadecyl hydroxybutylphenylpropionate
- ΙT Discoloration prevention agents

Fluorescent brighteners

Heat stabilizers

(light-diffusion aromatic polycarbonate compns. with good discoloration resistance)

IT 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite

38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)

4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 91362-37-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-

butylphenyl)-4-phenylphenylphosphonite 118421-00-4,

Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 3,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite

118421-01-5, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)

3,3'-biphenylenediphosphonite 313335-83-0, Bis(2,4-di-tert-

butylphenyl)-3-phenylphenylphosphonite

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizer; light-diffusion aromatic

polycarbonate compns. with good discoloration resistance)

L54 ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:91270 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:148383

TITLE: Transparent aromatic polycarbonate compositions

with phosphorus-containing stabilizers

INVENTOR(S):
Ohira, Yoji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 2001031752	A	20010206	JP 1999-207247	199907
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			< JP 1999-207247	199907 22

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:148383

The compns. having high heat resistance in molding, heat-moisture fatigue resistance, and adhesion, suitable for optical disks, sheets, etc., comprise (A) 100 parts aromatic polycarbonates prepared from dihydric phenols and carbonate esters to have relative fluorescence strength at 465 nm vs. standard substance $\leq 4 \times 10-3$ in fluorescence spectrum (excited wave length 320 nm) and viscosity-average mol. weight 10,000-50,000 and (B) 0.0001-0.15 part stabilizers of [(Ar10)2PQ]2, (Ar20)2PQPh, P(OAr3)3, P(O)(OR1)3, cyclic diphosphites of R2OPQ'POR2, and/or Ar4O(O)(OR3)2 [Ar1, Ar2, Ar4 = (alkylsubstituted) aromatic group; Ar3 = dialkyl-substituted aromatic group; Q = phenylene; R1-3 = alkyl, (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q' = pentaerythritol residue] containing 1-11,000 ppm of H3PO3, Cl, and Cl-. Thus, 100 parts bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer (relative fluorescence strength 1 + 10-3, viscosity-average mol. weight 24,300) and 0.03 part tris(2,4-di-tert- butylphenyl) phosphite containing 20 ppm Cl were mixed, pelletized, and molded into a test piece showing high resistance to thermal discoloration during injection molding.

IT 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid,

10/559,818 66

[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 113421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

38613-77-3 HCAPLUS RN

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA
INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08G064-04

ICS C08G064-30; C08K005-49; C08L069-00

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

ST arom polycarbonate organophosphorus heat

stabilizer; bisphenol A diphenyl carbonate polymer

heat stabilizer; butylphenyl phosphite

heat stabilizer arom polycarbonate; optical disk

arom polycarbonate phosphorus stabilizer

IT Polycarbonates, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic; transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT Heat stabilizers

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and

adhesion)

IT Optical disks

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion for optical disks)

IT 24936-68-3P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer, SRU, preparation 25929-04-8P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate 2240-41-7, Dimethyl ΤТ phenylphosphonate 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol 13598-36-2, Phosphorous acid, uses 31570-04-4 , Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 91362-37-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4-phenyl-phenylphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 313335-83-0, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3-phenyl-phenylphosphonite RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

L54 ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:89689 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:148377

TITLE: Transparent aromatic polycarbonate compositions

with phosphorus-containing stabilizers

INVENTOR(S):
Ohira, Yoji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Teijin Chemicals Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT N	0.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 20010	31859	A	20010206	JP 1999-207246	
					199907
					22
				<	
PRIORITY APPL	N. INFO.:			JP 1999-207246	
					199907
					22

<--

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:148377

AB The compns. having high heat resistance in molding, heat-moisture fatigue resistance, and adhesion, suitable for optical disks, sheets, etc., comprise (A) 100 parts aromatic polycarbonates prepared from dihydric phenols and carbonate esters by melt-polymerization to have residual catalyst activity ≤2% and viscosity-average mol. weight 10,000-50,000 and (B) 0.0001-0.15 part

stabilizers of [(Ar10)2PQ]2, (Ar20)2PQPh, P(OAr3)3, P(O)(OR1)3, cyclic diphosphites of R2OPQ'POR2, and/or Ar40(O)(OR3)2 [Ar1, Ar2, Ar4 = (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Ar3 = dialkyl-substituted aromatic group; Q = phenylene; R1-3 = alkyl, (alkyl-substituted) aromatic group; Q' = pentaerythritol residue] containing 1-11,000 ppm of H3PO3, Cl, and Cl-. Thus, 100 parts 2,2'-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)propane- diphenyl carbonate copolymer (residual catalyst activity 0.3%, viscosity-average mol. weight 24,300) and 0.03 part tris(2,4-di-tert- butylphenyl) phosphite containing 20 ppm Cl were mixed, pelletized, and molded into a test piece showing high resistance to thermal discoloration during injection molding.

IT 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and

adhesion)
RN 3806-34-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis(octadecyloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-00-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118421-01-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, 2,2'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diyl]bis-,
P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L069-00 ICS C08K003-32; C08K005-521; C08K005-524; C08K005-53; C08K005-5333;

G11B007-24

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

ST arom polycarbonate organophosphorus heat
stabilizer; bisphenol A diphenyl carbonate polymer
heat stabilizer; butylphenyl phosphite
heat stabilizer arom polycarbonate; optical disk

arom polycarbonate phosphorus stabilizer

IT Polycarbonates, preparation

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(aromatic; transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT Heat stabilizers

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT Optical disks

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion for optical disks)

IT 24936-68-3P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer, SRU, preparation 25929-04-8P, Bisphenol A-diphenyl carbonate copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and adhesion)

IT 512-56-1, Trimethyl phosphate 2240-41-7, Dimethyl phenylphosphonate 3806-34-6, Dioctadecylpentaerythritol diphosphite 13598-36-2, Phosphorous acid, uses 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylenediphosphonite 91362-37-7 118421-00-4, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,4'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 118421-01-5, Phosphonous acid, [1,1'-biphenyl]-3,3'-diylbis-, tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester 313335-83-0

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (transparent aromatic polycarbonate compns. containing P-type stabilizers for improving heat resistance and

L54 ANSWER 4 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:540439 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:140439

TITLE: Stabilized polyolefin film and fiber

compositions

INVENTOR(S): Ishii, Tamaki; Yachigo, Shinichi; Kojima,

Fumitoshi; Ida, Kanako

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

adhesion)

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE -
 EP 530984	A1	19930310	EP 1992-307211	199208
			<	06
EP 530984 R: BE, DE, FR,		19951115		
	•	•	JP 1991-222727	199109
			<	03
JP 3082333	В2	20000828		
CA 2074870	A1	19930304	CA 1992-2074870	199207 29
			<	
US 5250593	А	19931005	US 1992-940375	199209 03
			<	
KR 226316	B1	19991015	KR 1992-16021	199209 03
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-222727	A 199109 03
			<	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 119:140439
GI

$$\begin{bmatrix} R1 & & & & & & & & & & & & \\ HO & & & & & & & & & & \\ HO & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ &$$

AB The title compns., stabilized against thermal oxidation during processing and use and discoloration by combustion gas or N oxides, comprise (per 100 parts polyolefin) ≥ 0.01 part hindered phenolic spiro compound I (R1 = H, C1-3 alkyl), ≥ 0.01 part aryl acrylate II (R2 = C1-5 alkyl; R3 = C1-8 alkyl; R4 = H, C1-8 alkyl; R5 = H, Me), ≥ 0.1 part of a specified organic phosph(on)ite compound and, optionally, a hindered piperidine-based polyester light

stabilizer. Thus, a blend containing unstabilized polypropylene 100, Ca stearate 0.05, I (R1 = Me) 0.1, II (R2 = Et, R3 = CMe2Et, R4 = Me, R5 = H) 0.1, bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4- methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite (III) 0.1, and a polycondensate of di-Me succinate with 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (IV) 0.1 part was melt-spun at 340° into filaments and stretched at 135°. Discoloration of the resulting filament fibers was observed after 26 days at 135°, vs. 14 days for similar fibers spun from a blend containing no III and no IV.

IT 26741-53-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite RL: USES (Uses)

(heat and light stabilizers, for polypropylene fibers)

RN 26741-53-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2,4,8,10-Tetraoxa-3,9-diphosphaspiro[5.5]undecane, 3,9-bis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 31570-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-, 1,1',1''-phosphite (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

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RN
     80693-00-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     2, 4, 8, 10-Tetraoxa-3, 9-diphosphaspiro[5.5] undecane,
     3,9-bis[2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenoxy]-
                                                            (CA INDEX
     NAME)
IC
     ICM C08L023-02
     ICS C08K005-00
ICI C08K005-00, C08K005-15, C08K005-13, C08K005-52, C08K005-3435
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40
     polyolefin fiber discoloration stabilization; polypropylene fiber
ST
     discoloration stabilization; hydroxyethylhydroxytetramethylpiperidin
     e polyester heat stabilization polypropylene;
     film polyolefin discoloration heat stabilization
     ; piperidine compd stabilizer polyolefin
     Polypropene fibers, miscellaneous
ΙT
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (heat and light stabilizers for, hindered
        phenols and organic phosph(on)ites and hindered piperidine-based
        polyester as)
     Phosphites
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (heat and light stabilizers, for polyolefin
        fibers and films)
     Heat stabilizers
ΤТ
        (hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites, for light-stabilized
        polyolefin fiber and film)
ΤТ
     Light stabilizers
        (hindered piperidine-based polyester, for heat-
        stabilized polyolefin fibers and films)
ΙT
     Polyesters, miscellaneous
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (hindered piperidine-based, heat- and light-
        stabilized polypropylene composition containing)
ΙT
     Phenols, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (hindered, heat and light stabilizers, for
        polyolefin fibers and films)
ΙT
     Alkenes, polymers
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polymers, films, heat and light
        stabilizers for, hindered phenols and organic phosph(on)ites
        and hindered piperidine-based polyester as)
ΙT
     26741-53-7, Bis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)pentaerythritol
     diphosphite 31570-04-4, Tris(2,4-di-tert-
     butylphenyl)phosphite 38613-77-3, Tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-
     butylphenyl)-4,4'-biphenylene diphosphonite 61167-58-6
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70198-29-7 80693-00-1, Bis(2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-

123968-25-2 140221-14-3

methylphenyl)pentaerythritol diphosphite 90498-90-1 118337-09-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(heat and light stabilizers, for

polypropylene fibers)

L54 ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:575464 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:175464

TITLE: Light-resistant polyester compositions

INVENTOR(S): Betto, Masahiro; Nakagawa, Katsumi; Murakami,

Shiro; Nanjo, Sadami

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unitika Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 01074256	А	19890320	JP 1987-232854	
				198709 16
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-232854	
				198709
				16

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Title compns. useful for fibers and films contain light stabilizers selected from 2-hydroxy-4- methoxybenzophenone (I), 2-hydroxy-4-octoxybenzophenone, 2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxybenzoate, and/or 2-(2-hydroxy-5-tert-octylphenyl)benzotriazole and heat stabilizers selected from triethylene glycol bis[3-(3-tert-butyl-5-methyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate] (II), pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate], and/or tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylenephosphonite. Thus, poly(ethylene terephthalate) containing 0.3% I and 0.1% II was melt spun, wound, and stretched 6.0 time at 95° to give fiber with strength 8.0-9.0 g/denier and elongation 10-20%. Strength retention of the fiber after 300-h exposure to fade-o-meter at 81-85° was 82.0%, vs., 75.0% without II and 70.5% without I.

IT 38613-77-3

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for polyester fibers and films, with improved light resistance)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

IC ICM C08L067-00

ICS C08K005-07; C08K005-10; C08L067-00

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40

ST light resistance polyester film fiber;

heat stabilizer blend polyester

IT Heat stabilizers

(hindered phenols and phosphonites, for polyester films and fibers, with good light resistance)

IT Polyester fibers, uses and miscellaneous

Polyesters, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(light and heat stabilizers for)

IT 6683-19-8, Pentaerythrityl tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-

hydroxyphenyl)propionate] 36443-68-2 38613-77-3

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers, for polyester fibers and

films, with improved light resistance)

IT 25038-59-9, Poly(ethylene terephthalate), uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(light and heat stabilizers for)

L54 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:214246 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:214246

TITLE: Light-resistant polyester compositions
INVENTOR(S): Betto, Masahiro; Nakagawa, Katsumi; Nanjo,

Sadami; Murakami, Shiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unitika Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
 JP 63273658	A	19881110	JP 1987-108046	
				198704 30
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-108046	
				198704 30
			<	

10/559,818 77

AΒ Title compns., useful for fibers and films requiring light resistance, contain (a) polyesters, (b) 2-[3,5-di(tert-butyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl]benzotriazole, 2-[3-(tert-butyl)-5-methyl-2-hydroxyphenyl]-5-chlorobenzotriazole (I), and/or 2ethoxy-5-(tert-butyl)-2'-ethyloxalic bisanilide as light stabilizers, and (c) triethylene glycol bis[3-[3-(tert-butyl)- 5-methyl-4-hydroxyphenyl]propionate] (II), pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-[3,5-di-(tert-butyl)-4hydroxyphenyl]propionate], and/or tetrakis[2,4-di(tert-butyl)phenyl] 4,4'biphenylenephosphonite] as heat stabilizers. Thus, poly(ethylene terephthalate) (intrinsic viscosity 1.2) 100, I 0.3, and II 0.1 part were mixed, spun at 300° , and stretched at 200° to draw ratio 6.0 to obtain a 1000denier/72 f stretched yarn (strength 8.5 ± 0.5 g/denier, elongation 10-20%) showing strength retention 89.2% in the fading test, compared with 70.5% for a control without I.

ΙT 38613-77-3

> RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for polyesters)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, CN P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

ICM C08L067-00 IC

ICS C08K005-10; C08K005-20; C08K005-34; C08K005-53

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

ST light resistance polyester compn; PET yarn light resistance; butylhydroxyphenylbenzotriazole light stabilizer polyester; butylmethylhydroxyphenylchlorobenzotriazole light stabilizer PET; ethoxybutylethyloxalic bisanilide light stabilizer polyester; triethylene glycol bisbutylmethylhydroxyphenylpropionate beat stabilizer; pentaerythritol tetrakisdibutylhydroxyphenylpropionate heat

stabilizer polyester; tetrakisdibutylphenyl biphenylenephosphonite heat stabilizer polyester

ΙT Polyesters, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(compns. containing light stabilizers and heat stabilizers, light-resistant)

ΙT Heat stabilizers

Light stabilizers

(polyester compns. containing, for fibers and films)

ΙT 25038-59-9, Poly(ethylene terephthalate), uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses)

> (compns. containing light stabilizers and heat stabilizers, light-resistant)

ΙT 6683-19-8, Pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-[3,5-di(tert-butyl)-4-36443-68-2 38613-77-3 hydroxyphenyl]propionate] RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(heat stabilizers, for polyesters)

L54 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:151626 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:151626

TITLE: Heat- and light-resistant polyester compositions

INVENTOR(S): Betto, Masahiro; Murakami, Shiro; Kitahara,

Takeshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Unitika Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62240349	A	19871021	JP 1986-82945	198604 10
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-82945	198604 10

Title compns., useful for fibers and films, contain light stabilizers selected from 2-[2-hydroxy-3,5- bis(α,α -dimethylbenzyl)phenyl]-2H-benzotriazole, 2- (3,5-di-tert-butyl-2-hydroxyphenyl)-5-chlorobenzotriazole (I), 2-ethoxy-2'- ethyloxalic acid bis(anilide), and/or bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) 2-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4- hydroxybenzyl)-2-n-butylmalonate and heat stabilizers selected from triethylene glycol bis[3-(3-tert-butyl-5-methyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate] (II), pentaerythritol tetrakis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate], and/or tetrakis(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl) 4,4'-biphenylylenediphosphonite. Thus, PET containing 0.3% I and 0.1% II was melt extruded, wound, and drawn to give fibers with strength 8.5 \pm 0.5 g/denier, elongation 20-24%, and strength retention after 300-h exposure to fade-o-meter 88.3%, compared with 70.5% retention for fibers prepared without I.

IT 38613-77-3

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (heat stabilizers, for polyester fibers and films)

RN 38613-77-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phosphonous acid, P,P'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl]bis-, P,P,P',P'-tetrakis[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl] ester (CA INDEX NAME)

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IC
    ICM C08L067-02
     ICS C08K005-11; C08K005-20; C08K005-34; C08K005-53
CC
     37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 40
ST
    polyester fiber heat light resistance; thermal
     stabilizer polyester fiber; phosphonite stabilizer polyester
    fiber; hindered phenol stabilizer polyester fiber
ΙT
    Polyester fibers, uses and miscellaneous
     Polyesters, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (heat and light stabilizers for)
IT
    Reat stabilizers
       (hindered phenols and phosphonites, for polyester films and
        fibers)
                36443-68-2 38613-77-3
ΙΤ
     6683-19-8
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (heat stabilizers, for polyester fibers and
        films)
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